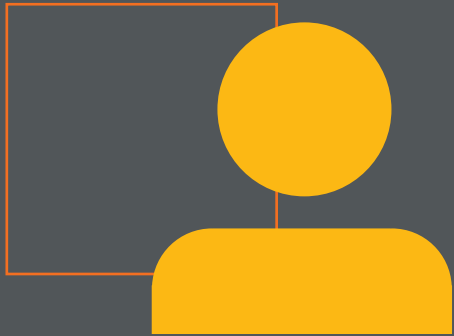


# How the COVID-19 vaccine affects willingness to receive care



## ABOUT THE SURVEY

Digital survey fielded on Thursday, Dec. 3

**TOTAL RESPONDENTS: 599**

## BY AGE:

35 to 44 = 53%

45 to 54 = 22%

> 54 = 25%

## BY GENDER:

Female = 54%

Male = 46%

## Survey Findings



**65% of all respondents** said a provider's COVID-19 vaccine status will have "some" or "significant" impact on their willingness to receive care.

**35%**  
SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

**30%**  
SOME IMPACT

**19%**  
LITTLE IMPACT

**16%**  
NO IMPACT

**Younger respondents'** decisions were somewhat more influenced by whether a provider is vaccinated.

> 54 years old

**50%** said it would impact their decision

45-54 years old

**62%** said it would impact their decision

35-44 years old

**64%** said it would impact their decision

**Midwest respondents were 20% more likely** than the national average to say a provider's vaccination status would have **NO effect** on their willingness to get care.

**Men are far more concerned** about vaccine status. They were **nearly two times as likely** to say a provider's COVID-19 vaccine status would "significantly impact" their willingness to receive care (46% of men vs. 26% of women).